Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc. DeRidder, Louisiana

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date__

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.
DeRidder, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.'s basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.'s management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc., as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated November 6, 2009 on my consideration of Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.'s, internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

The budgetary comparison information on pages 23 through 27, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc., has not presented management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Board of Directors Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc. Page 2

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.'s, basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, comparative schedule of general fixed assets, and schedule of prior year audit findings are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, comparative schedule of general fixed assets, and schedule of prior year audit findings have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly I express no opinion on them.

DeRidder, Louisiana November 6, 2009

John U. Windlam, CPA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 88,887
Grant receivable	 9,714
Total current assets	\$ 98,601
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital assets, net	 16,531
Total assets	\$ 115,132
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
C-1 stimulus fund payable	 2,792
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	\$ 16,531
Unrestricted	63,971
Restricted	31,838
Total net assets	\$ 112,340
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 115,132

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

					Progran	Proeram Revenues			Net (Rev Char	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets
	Ħ	Expenses	o jo	Charges for Services	Fees Ge Fur	Fees Generated by Fundraiser	Operz and C	Operating Grants and Contributions	Progr	Program Services
D										
Program Services: General government	9 9	17,137	6/3	1	€9	7,600	↔	55,647	↔	46,110
AAA fund		26,664		1		ı		26,664		I
Audit fund		6,000				•		1,312		(4,688)
Title III C-1 fund		60,267		3,079				37,812		(19,376)
Title III C-2 fund		169,358		169'6				70,086		(89,581)
Energy fund		1,216						1,458		242
Title III B fund		97,014		2,741		1		69,645		(24,628)
Title III D fund		6,840		•				5,408		(1,432)
Title III E fund		31,439		1		ι		30,107		(1.332)
Senior center		27,313		•		•		39,542		12,229
Supplemental senior center				,		•		3,100		3,100
United Way		•		•		•		47,897		47,897
NSIP Fund				1				26,000		26,000
Total program services	€4)	443,248	∽	15,511	€5	7,600	₩	414,678	5 5	(5,459)
	Genera	General revenues: Investment income								458
						Ţ	Total general revenues	l revenues		458
	Net assets at l	ets at beginning of year	of year			S	Change in net assets	et assets		(5,001) 117,341
	Net ass	Net assets at end of year							€A.	112,340

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the statement.

Statement of Financial Position June 30, 2009

ASSETS	_Gen	eral Fund	al Revenue Funds	 Total
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,768	\$ 44,119	\$ 88,887
Grant receivable		-	9,714	9,714
Total assets	\$	44,768	\$ 53,833	\$ 98,601
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Current liabilities				
C-1 stimulus fund payable	_\$		\$ 2,792	\$ 2,792
Fund Balances:				
Unreserved	\$	44,768	\$ 19,203	\$ 63,971
Reserved		· -	31,838	31,838
Total fund balances	\$	44,768	\$ 51,041	\$ 95,809
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	89,536	\$ 53,833	\$ 98,601

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Financial Position to Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Total fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 95,809
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in	
the governmental funds balance sheets.	 16,531
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 112,340

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

			Titl	Title III C-1	Titl	Title III C-2	Ē	Title III B					
	Gen	General Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Cun	United Way	Other Funds	Total Funds	gs
<u>SUPPORT AND REVENUE</u> SUPPORT							}			1			1
Intergovernmental													
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$	52,500	64	37,619	↔	70,086	€	64,807	6/9		\$ 100,485	\$ 325,497	26
United Way of America		•		•		•		ı		47,592	•	47,592	92
Nutrition Services Incentive Program		•		1		•		•			26,000	26,000	00
Public support													
Public donations		3,147		•		1				305	•	3,452	.52
Participant contributions		1		3,079		9,691		2,741			•	15,511	Ξ
Utility assistance						,				,	1,458	1,4	1,458
In kind support		•		193		ı		4,838		•	5,648	10,679	62.
Total	69	55,647	6 ∕9	40,891	6-5	75,777	6/2	72,386	6/3	47,897	\$ 133,591	\$ 430,189	<u>&</u>
Fundraising	6 9	7,600	60		6-5		5-9		89		·	\$ 7,600	90
Total Support	€	63,247	64	40,891	6-5	777.67	50	72,386	€ ~ >	47,897	\$ 133,591	\$ 437,789	68
REVENUE Interest income	↔	458	~		6		40	1	6/3		ا،	20	458
Total Support and Revenue	69	63,705	60	40,891	64	79,777	64	72,386	€	47,897	\$ 133,591	\$ 438,247 (Continued)	4 (g)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Gene	General Fund	Titl	Title III C-1 Fund	Titl	Title III C-2 Fund	Ë	Title III-B Fund	C	United Way	Ş	Other Funds	Tot	Total Funds
EXPENDITURES Program services: Health, Welfare and Social services														
Salaries and benefits	6/3	9,734	64	9.074	6/3	9,278	€^3	65,319	64	,	64	48,769	6/)	142,174
Travel		86		50		50		628				518		1,344
Operating services		5,236		1,819		1,616		14,665		,		43,042		66,378
In kind operating services				193		•		4,838		•		5,648		10,679
Operating supplies		782		258		208		5,135		,		1,495		7,878
Other - meals		,		48,873		158,206		,		,		,		207,079
Total expenditures	60	15,850	€ €	60.267	€9	169,358	60	90,585	\$9	,	5-9	99,472	5-9	435,532
Excess (deficiency) of support and revenue over expenditures	S	47,855	€9	(19,376)	6/1	(89,581)	∨ 9	(18,199)	sa	47,897	69	34,119	64	2,715
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	64	(31,636)	₩	19,376	64	89,581	69	18,199	€9	. (48,347)	60	7,452 (54,625)	∽	134,608 134,608)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5-5	(31,636)	€49	19,376	↔	89,581	₩	18,199	50	(48,347)	5/9	(47,173)	59	1
Net change in fund balances	€9	16,219	₽ 9		∽	•	5	ı	6/9	(450)	60	(13,054)	⇔	2,715
Fund balances, beginning of year		28,549				1			ŀ	18,957		45,588		93,094
Fund balances, end of year	\$	44,768	6-5		€	1	€9		89	18,507	↔	32,534	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	\$ 95,809 (Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,715
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government- wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	 (7,716)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (5,001)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ending June 30, 2009

1. PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL ON AGING AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Purpose of the Council on Aging

The purpose of the Council is to collect facts and statistics and make special studies of conditions pertaining to the employment, financial status, recreation, social adjustment, mental and physical health or other conditions affecting the welfare of the aging people of Beauregard Parish; to keep abreast of the latest developments in these fields of activity throughout Louisiana and the United States; to interpret its findings to the citizens of the parish; to provide for a mutual exchange of ideas and information on the parish and the state level; to conduct public meetings; to make recommendations for needed improvements and additional resources; to promote the welfare of aging people when requested to do so; to coordinate and monitor services of other local agencies serving the aging people of the parish; and to assist and cooperate with the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) and other departments of state and local government serving the elderly; and to make recommendations relevant to the planning and delivery of services to the elderly of the parish.

Specific services provided by the Council to the elderly residents of Beauregard Parish include providing congregate and home delivered meals, nutritional education, personal care, information and assistance, outreach, material aid, utility assistance, homemakers, recreation, legal assistance, disease prevention, health promotion, and transportation.

B. Reporting Entity

In 1964, the State of Louisiana passed Act 456, which authorized the charter of voluntary councils on aging for the welfare of the aging people in their respective parishes. However, before the Council on aging can begin operations in a specific parish, its application for a charter must receive approval from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs pursuant to LA R.S. 46:1602. The functions of each council on aging in Louisiana must comply with the objectives of state laws and each council is governed by polices and regulations established by GOEA.

The Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc. is a legally separate, non-profit, quasi-public corporation. It received its charter and began operations on September 17, 1973.

A board of directors, consisting of 15 voluntary members, who serve three-year terms, governs the Council. The board of directors is comprised of but not limited to, representatives of the parish's elderly populations, general public, private businesses, and elected public officials. Board members are elected annually from general elections.

Membership in the Council is open at all times, without restriction, to all residents of Beauregard Parish who have reached the age of majority and who expresses an interest in the Council and wish to contribute to or share in its programs. Membership fees are not charged.

Based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 17, the Beauregard Council is not a component unit of another primary government nor does it have any component units that are related to it. In addition, based on criteria set forth in GASB Codification Section 2100, the Council has presented its financial statements as a primary government, because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As used in GASB Statement 14, the term fiscally independent means that the Council may, without approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

rates or charges, and issued bonded debt. As previously mentioned, GOEA establishes the policies and regulations that all councils must follow. Included in its policies is a provision that the Council's budget is approved by GOEA. However, this approval process is part of GOEA's general oversight responsibility for the Council and is more ministerial or compliance oriented than substantive.

Accordingly, the Council is viewed as being fiscally independent for purposes of applying the reporting entity criteria of GASB Statement 14.

C. Presentation of Statements

The Council's statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The Council has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds; however; the Council has chosen not to do so because it does not have any business-type activities or enterprise funds. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Council are discussed below.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

For the first time the financial statements include:

Governmental-Wide Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all the Council's activities.

A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements).

D. Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements

The Council's basic financial statements include both Government-Wide (reporting the Council as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Council's major funds). Both the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Council's functions and programs have been classified as governmental activities. The Council does not have any business-type activities, fiduciary funds, or any component units that are fiduciary in nature. Accordingly, the Government-Wide financial statements do not include any of these activities or funds.

In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental type activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Council's net assets are reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. Invested in net assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, constriction, or improvement of those capital assets. Restricted net assets consist of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net assets include all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The Council's policy is to use restricted resources first to finance its activities except for nutrition services. When providing nutrition services, revenues earned by the Council under its USDA contract with GOEA can only be used to pay for the raw food component of each meal that is bought and served to a person eligible to receive a meal under one of the nutrition programs. The Council's management has discretion as to how and when to use the USDA revenues when paying for nutrition program costs. Quite often unrestricted resources are available for use that must be consumed or they will have to be returned to GOEA. In such cases it is better for management to elect to apply and consume the unrestricted resources before using the restricted resources. As a result, the Council will depart from its usual policy of using restricted resources first.

The Government-Wide Statement of Activities reports both gross and net cost of each of the Council's functions and significant programs. Many functions and programs are supported by general government revenues like intergovernmental revenues, and unrestricted investment income, particularly if the function or program has a net cost. The Statement of Activities begins by presenting gross direct and indirect expenses that include depreciation, and then reduces the expenses by related program revenues, such as operating and capital grants and contributions, to drive the net cost of each function or program. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or program to be used to directly offset its cost. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The Council did not receive any capital-specific grants this year.

The Council allocates its indirect costs among various functions and programs in accordance with Circular A-87. In addition, GOEA provides grant funds to help the Council pay for a portion of its indirect costs. As a result, only the indirect costs in excess of the GOEA funds are allocated to the Council's other functions and programs.

The Government-Wide Statements focus upon the Council's ability to sustain operations and the change in its net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Council are reported in individual funds in the Funds Financial Statements. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, habilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The Council uses governmental fund types. The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is on determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than on net income. An additional emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental fund types. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Council or if its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.

Governmental fund equity is called the fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved being further split into designated and undesignated. Reserved means that the fund balance is not available for expenditures because resources have already been expended (but not consumed), or a legal restriction has been placed on certain assets that makes them only available to meet future obligations. Designated fund balances result when management tentatively sets aside or earmarks

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

certain resources to expend in a designated manner. In contrast to reserved fund balances, designated amounts can be changed at the discretion of management.

The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Council:

- General Fund is the general operating fund of the Council. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. A large percentage of the Council's special revenue funds are Title III funds. These funds are provided by the United States Department of Health and Human Services Administration on Aging to the Governor's Office Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council.

The Council has established several special revenue funds. The following is a brief description of each special revenue fund's purpose:

Major Special Revenue Funds

Title III C-1 Congregate Meals Fund

The Title III C-1 Fund is used to account for funds, which are used to provide nutritional, congregate meals to the elderly in strategically located centers. During the fiscal year July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009, the Council serviced approximately 9,587 congregate meals.

Title III C-2 Home Delivered Meals Fund

Title III C-2 is used to account for funds, which are used to provide nutritional, home delivered meals to homebound older persons. During the fiscal year July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009, the Council served approximately 31,696 home delivered meals.

Title III-B Supportive Services Fund

Title III-B Supportive Services Fund is used to account for funds which are to provide a variety of social services; such as, information and assistance, assess services, in-home services, community services, legal assistance, and outreach for people age 60 and older.

United Way - Homemaker/Sitter

Homemaker assistance is a program designed to help maintain normal household functioning when the family's life is threatened with disruptions by long or short-term illness, disability, social maladjustment, or other problems, which require assistance in the home to sustain independent living. Under this program, trained homemakers working under agency supervision and the supervision of social workers go into homes as substitute homemakers and assume responsibility for routine household activities such as menu planning, budgeting, shopping, child care, meal preparation, and general household management, including some light housekeeping.

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

Senior Center Fund

The Senior Center fund is used to account for the administration of Senior Center Program funds appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature to the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which "passes through" the funds to the Council. This program provides community service centers at which older persons receive supportive services and participate in activities which foster their independence, enhance,

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

and encourage their dignity, and encourage their involvement in and with the community. The Council operates one senior center in Beauregard Parish, Louisiana.

N.S.I.P. Fund

The N.S.I.P. (National Services Incentive Program) Fund is used to account for the administration of Nutrition Program for the Elderly funds provided by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. This program reimburses the service provider about forty cents for each congregate and home-delivered meal serviced to an eligible participant so that United States food and commodities may be purchased to supplement these programs. Net assets of the N.S.I.P. Fund are restricted for the purposes stated above.

Audit Fund

The Audit Fund is used to account for funds received from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs that are restricted to use as a supplement to pay for the cost of having an annual audit or compilation of the Council's financial statements.

Title III-D Preventive Health Fund

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The Title III-D Fund is used to account for funds used for disease prevention and health promotion activities or services, such as: (1) equipment and materials (scales to weigh people, educational material, and exercise equipment), (2) home injury control, (3) medication management, (4) mental health, and (5) nutrition (assessment/screening, counseling, and education). The law directs the state agency administering this program to "give priority to areas of the state which are medically under served and in which there are a large number of older individuals who have the greatest economic and social need."

Supplemental Senior Center Fund

The Louisiana Legislature appropriated additional money for various councils on aging through the state to be used to supplement the primary state grant for senor centers. Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc. was one of the parish councils to receive a supplemental grant. These funds are "passed through" the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs.

Title III-C Area Agency Administration (AAA) Fund

The Title III-C Area Agency Administration Fund is used to account for some of the administration cost associated with operating the Special Programs for the Aging.

Title III-E National Family Caregiver Support Fund

The Title III-E Fund is used to account for funds used to provide multifaceted systems of support services for family caregivers and for grandparents or older individuals who are relative caregivers, including inhome respite and respite care. In-home respite provides personal care in the home of the qualifying individual in order to provide a brief period of relief or rest for the client. Respite care provides temporary or periodic services for frail elderly or individuals with developmental disabilities including Adult Day Care/ Adult Day Health, Group Respite, In-Home Respite, and Institutional Respite.

Utility Assistance Fund

The Utility Assistance Fund is used to account for the administration of programs that are sponsored by local utility companies. The companies collect contributions from service customers and employees and remit the funds directly to the Council or to the Louisiana Association of Councils on Aging (LACOA), which in turn remits funds relating to Beauregard Parish to the Council. These funds are used to provide financial assistance to the elderly for the payment of their utility bill.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

F. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual Basis - Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the Council as a whole. Both of these statements have been prepared using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenditures, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

2. Modified Accrual Basis - Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Council considers all revenues "available" if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exceptions to this general rule are that (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due and (2) claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources.

G. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as either loans or transfers. Loans between funds are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers represent a permanent reallocation of resources between funds. Transfers between funds are netted against one another as part of the reconciliation of the change in fund balances in the fund financial statements to the change in net assets in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and petty cash. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at their carrying amounts that equal their fair values.

I. Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets that have been purchased or acquired with an original cost of at least \$1,000 and that have an estimated useful life of greater than one year. When purchased or acquired, these assets are recorded as capital assets in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. In contrast, in the Fund Financial Statements, capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the fund that provided the resources to acquire the asset. If the asset was purchased, it is recorded in the books at its cost. If the asset was donated, then it is recorded at its estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For capital assets recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, depreciation is computed and recorded using the straight-line method for the asset's estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Building Improvements	20-40 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computers	5 years

Salvage values have not been estimated by management when calculating how much of an asset's cost needs to be depreciated except for vehicles. For that category of capital asset, management has used 10% of the vehicle's initial cost as a salvage value estimate.

Depreciation is not computed or recorded on capital assets for purposes of the Fund Financial Statements.

J. Unpaid Compensated Absences

Sick leave granted by this agency is vested. It is time off with pay for periods of illness or incapacity resulting from non-occupational injury, as well as for medical, dental, or optical examinations or treatment that can not be arranged after hours. The Executive Director may request a physician's statement regarding any sick leave, at his/her discretion. Full-time employees accrue sick leave at a rate of one (1) day per month; twelve (12) days per year. Sick time earned begins to accrue with the first full month of employment. While sick leave accrues and is an aggregate total no payment will be paid for sick leave not taken upon termination of employment.

Annual Leave/ Vacation is based on the number years of service and is earned as follows:

	Days
One year to Five years	12
Five to Ten years	15
Ten years and over	21

The employee's hire date will become the employee's anniversary date. No annual leave may be taken until after the first full year of employment, and the same applies for all consecutive years.

An employee must submit an Application for Leave form approved by their supervisor and the Executive Director in order to receive annual leave.

Department seniority will be adhered to for all annual leave taken (especially, during the holidays).

Full-time employees will be able to carry over ten (10) days annual leave to the following year. No pay will be granted in lieu of annual leave. All hours over 80 must be taken before January 31st of the New Year.

Payment will be made for any eligible accrued leave upon separation from employment.

The rate of pay for annual leave is the employee's current regular rate of pay.

K. Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The council reports all direct expenses by function and programs of functions in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function or program. Indirect expenses are recorded as direct expenses of the Administration function. GOEA provides funds to partially subsidize the council's Administration function. The unsubsidized net cost of the Administration function

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

is allocated using a formula that is based primarily on the relationship the direct cost a program bears to the direct cost of all programs. There are some programs that cannot absorb any indirect cost allocation according to their grant or contract limitations.

L. Management's Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Elimination and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

2. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following individual fund had actual expenditures over budgeted appropriations for the year ending June 30, 2009.

	C	riginal		Final			Unfa	vorable
Fund	!	Budget	1	Budget		Actual	Va	riance
						_		
General Fund	\$	15,914	\$	15,737	_\$	15,850	<u>\$</u>	113

3. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenues are recorded in the Government-Wide Statements when they are earned under the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded in the Fund Financial Statements using the modified accrual basis of accounting. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept using this program service fees, and interest income are usually both measurable and available. However, the timing and amounts of the receipts of public support and miscellaneous revenues are often difficult to measure; therefore, they are recorded as revenue in the period received.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2009, the Council had cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$ 88,887 as follows:

Interest bearing demand deposits	\$	57,008
Demand deposits		31,879
Total	-\$	88,887

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At June 30, 2009, the Council had \$118,295 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$118,295 of federal deposit insurance.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, for the Council is as follows:

		eginning Balance	í.	ncrease	De	crease		Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated		Jaianec		icicase				Jananec
Buildings	\$	1,956	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,956
Machinery and equipment		12,162		_		-		12,162
Vehicles		32,147		-		-		32,147
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	46,265	_				_	46,265
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		1,956		_		-		1,956
Machinery and equipment		7,525		1,287		-		8,812
Vehicles		12,537		6,429		-		18,966
Total accumulated depreciation	_	22,018		7,716		-	_	29,734
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_\$	24,247	\$	(7,716)	_\$		\$	16,531_

Depreciation expense of \$7,716 for the year ended June 30, 2009, was charged to the following governmental functions:

Title III B	\$ 6,429
General administration	 1,287
Total	\$ 7,716

6. BOARD OF DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION

The Board of Directors is a voluntary board; therefore, no compensation has been paid to any member. However, board members are reimbursed for any out-of-pocket costs they might incur on behalf of the Council in accordance with the Council's applicable reimbursement policy.

7. INCOME TAX STATUS

The Council, a non-profit corporation, is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and is an organization that is not a private foundation as defined in Section 509 (a) of the Code. It is also exempt from Louisiana income tax.

8. JUDGEMENTS, CLAIMS, AND SIMILAR CONTINGENCIES

There is no litigation pending against the Council at June 30, 2009. Furthermore, the Council's management believed that any potential lawsuits would be adequately covered by insurance.

9. FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAMS

The Council receives revenues from various federal and state grant programs, which are subject to final review and approval as to allow ability of expenditures by respective grantor agencies. Any settlements or expenses arising out of a final review are recognized in the period agreed upon by the agency and the Council. Also, it is management's opinion that any audits or reviews by the grantor agencies would not

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

produce disallowed program costs and habilities to such an extent that they would materially affect the Council's financial position.

10. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Council receives the majority of its revenue from funds provided through grants administered by the Louisiana Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs. The grant amounts are appropriated each year by the federal and state governments. If significant budget cuts are made at the federal and/or state level, the amount of the funds the Council receives could be reduced significantly and have an adverse impact on its operations. Management is not aware of any actions that will adversely affect the amount of funds the Council will receive in the next year.

11. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers in and out are listed by fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009:

		Funds Tran	isterred To			
Title	Title	Title	Title	Title	Audit	
III_B	III C-1	III C-2	III D	III E	Fund	Total
<u>\$</u> -	\$ 9,184	\$15,000	\$ 1,432	\$ 1,332	\$ 4,688	\$ 31,636
\$ 3,580	\$ 5,000	\$39,767	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,347
11,519	-	710	-	-	-	12,229
-	5,192	34,104	-	-	-	39,296
3,100		_		_		3,100
\$ 18,199	\$10,192	\$74,581	\$ -	\$ -	<u>-</u> -	\$102,972
\$ 18,199	\$19,376	\$89,581	\$ 1,432	\$ 1,332	\$ 4,688	\$134,608
	\$ 3,580 11,519 3,100 \$18,199	## TILES TILES \$ - \$ 9,184 \$ 3,580 \$ 5,000 11,519	Title Title Title III B III C-1 III C-2 \$ - \$ 9,184 \$15,000 \$ 3,580 \$ 5,000 \$39,767 11,519 - 710 - 5,192 34,104 3,100 - - \$ 18,199 \$10,192 \$74,581	III B III C-1 III C-2 III D \$ - \$ 9,184 \$15,000 \$ 1,432 \$ 3,580 \$ 5,000 \$39,767 \$ - 11,519 - 710 - - 5,192 34,104 - 3,100 - - - \$ 18,199 \$10,192 \$74,581 \$ -	Title III B Title III C-1 Title III C-2 Title III D Title III E \$ - \$9,184 \$15,000 \$1,432 \$1,332 \$ 3,580 \$ 5,000 \$39,767 \$ - \$ - 11,519 - 710 - - 5,192 34,104 - 3,100 - \$18,199 \$10,192 \$74,581 \$ - \$ -	Title III B Title III C-1 Title III C-2 Title III D Title III E Audit Fund \$ - \$9,184 \$15,000 \$1,432 \$1,332 \$4,688 \$ 3,580 \$5,000 \$39,767 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 11,519 - 710 - 5,192 34,104 3,100 \$18,199 \$10,192 \$74,581 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and to (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

These transfers were eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

12. RETIREMENT COMMITMENTS

Employees of the Council are participants in the social security system and retirement benefits are provided by that system.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss that might arise should one of these incidents occur. No settlements were made during the year that exceeded the Council's insurance coverage.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Concluded)

14. RECEIVABLES

The receivables of \$9,714 at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Class of receivable
Intergovernmental - grants
Title III-E fund

\$ <u>9,714</u>

15. PAYABLES

The payables of \$2,792 at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Class of payable

C-1 stimulus meal payable

\$ 2,792

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GASB STATEMENT 34

Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Budget to GAAP

	ĺ	Budgetec Original	Budgeted Amounts	S Final	Actus	Actual Amount Budgetary Basis	diff	differences over (under)	Actue	Actual Amount GAAP Basis
SUPPORT AND REVENUE	•				4		•		,	
SUPPORT		ı	643	•	⊱9	•	5 /9	ι	5 /3	1
PCOA revenue		37,500		52,500		52,500		,		52,500
Public donations		15,914		7,679		3,147		(4,532)		3,147
Total	40	53,414	59	60,179	- ∽	55,647	€9	(4,532)	5/3	55,647
Fundraising	s ₉	-	₩	7,600	₽Đ	7,600	69	,	6/3	7,600
Total Support	649	53,414	69	67,779	÷	63,247	S	(4,532)	60	63,247
REVENUE										
Interest income	ક્ક		∽	458	\$9	458	€9	,	6-9	458
Total Support and Revenue	€	53,414	↔	68,237	∽	63.705	6-9	(4,532)	6 €	63,705
EXPENDITURES Program services: Health, Welfare and Social services										
Salaries and benefits	5 9	8,897	ዏ	8,905	€ 9	9,734	6 9	(829)	€	9,734
Travel		124		124		86		56		86
Operating services		5,890		5,857		5,236		621		5,236
Operating supplies		1,003		851		782		69		782
Total expenditures	€	15,914	60	15,737	د ه	15,850	60	(113)	60	15,850
Excess (deficiency) of support and revenue over expenditures	↔	37,500	S	52,500	60	47,855	€ 9	(4,645)	5/9	47,855
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers out	€	(37,500)	64	(31,636)	54	(31,636)	€		6/3	(31,636)
Net change in fund balances	49	•	6/9	20,864	6/ 3	16,219	64	(4,645)	69	16,219
Fund balances, beginning of year		-		28,549		28,549				28,549
Fund balances, end of year	€5	1	5	49,413	€49	44,768	69	(4,645)	⇔	44.768

Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.

Title III C-1 Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Laodella		Budgeted Amounts	Amount	S	Actua	Actual Amount	Budge diff	Budget to GAAP differences	Actua	Actual Amount GAAD Basis
GOEA support Participant contributions	√ 	37,619	6/3	37,619	S S	37,619	S	279	∞	37,619 3.079
In kind support	1	193	ļ	193	ŧ	193	1		ŧ	193
l otal support	89	40,812	.	40,612	€A	40,891	€ 4	279	5/)	40,891
EXPENDITURES Program services: Health, Welfare and Social services	,									
Salaries and benefits Travel	69	10,324	69	10,387	69	9,074	6	1,313	es.	9,074
Operating services		1,341		1,385		1,819		(434)		1,819
In kind operating services		193		193		193		. •		193
Operating supplies		44]		349		258		91		258
Other meals		50,950		50,650		48,873		1,777		48,873
Total expenditures	8	63,366	64	63,082	5-9	60,267	6/3	2,815	S	60,267
Excess (deficiency) of										
support over expenditures	59	(22,554)	69	(22,470)	↔	(19,376)	64	3,094	€S	(19,376)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	~	22,554	€ >	22,470	6/3	19,376	⇔	(3,094)	S.	19,376
Net change in fund balances	€9	ı	44	•	€9	ı	69		S	ı
Fund balances, beginning of year		,		•	:					
Fund balances, end of year	5 9	•	89		65	•	€÷		es.	

Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.

Title III C-2 Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

			•		-	•	Budge	Budget to GAAP	4	-
SUPPORT		Budgeted Amounts Original F	Amount	Final	Actu Budg	Actual Amount Budgetary Basis	dilli ove	differences over (under)	Actu	Actual Amount GAAP Basis
GOEA support Participant contributions	69	70,086	69	70,086	67)	70,086	50	(484)	64)	70,086
Total support	6-5	79,086	60	80,261	54	777,67	69	(484)	€43	777,67
EXPENDITURES Program services: Health, Welfare and Social services										
Salaries and benefits	64	10,324	69	10,387	ક્ક	9,278	69	1,109	\$	9,278
Operating services		1,341		1,385		1,616		(231)		1,616
Operating supplies		441		349		208		141		208
Other meals		161,300		161,525		158,206		3,319		158,206
Total expenditures	69	173,523	6∕3	173,764	6 9	169,358	€	4,406	∻	169,358
Excess (deficiency) of support over expenditures	6/3	(94,437)	5/3	(93,503)	54	(89,581)	€9	3,922	€9	(89,581)
Other financing sources Transfers in	€	94,437	8	93,503	4	89,581	↔	(3,922)	es.	185,68
Net change in fund balances	€^3	•	64		6		⇔		↔	•
Fund balances, beginning of year		1		1				• }		
Fund balances, end of year	69	1	64	,	\$,	64	1	64	1

Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.

Title III B Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

ount asis	64,807 2,741 4,838	72,386	65,319	628	14,665	4,838	5,135	90,585	(18,199)	18,199	1	.[
Actual Amount GAAP Basis	64 2 4	[7]	69		7	4	4)	36	(18	~			ĺ
Aci	64	બ	↔					~	↔	<	↔		8
Budget to GAAP differences over (under)	241	241	729	219	(617)	•	2,085	2,416	2,657	(2,657)	•		•
Budge diff ove	6 9	69	64					6 ∕9	€9	6	59		⇔
Actual Amount Budgetary Basis	64,807 2,741 4.838	72,386	65,319	628	14,665	4,838	5,135	90,585	(18,199)	18,199	•	'	1
Actus Budge	€ 9	8	↔					~	€9	~	⊱		6
s Final	64,807 2,500 4.838	72,145	66,048	847	14,048	4,838	7,220	93,001	(20,856)	20,856	•	1	
Amount	S	69	€					€	₩	85	≽		€9
Budgeted Amounts Original F	64,807 2,000 4.838	71,645	66,522	854	14,167	4,838	8,325	94,706	(23,061)	23,061			•
0	∞	60	64					6-9	€9	↔	∨1		6.9
SUPPORT	GOEA support Participant contributions In kind support	n king support Total support	EXPENDITURES Program services: Health, Welfare and Social services Salaries and benefits	Travel	Operating services	In kind operating services	Operating supplies	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of support over expenditures	Other financing sources Transfers in	Net change in fund balances	Fund balances, beginning of year	Fund balances, end of year

Beauregard Council on Aging

United Way
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30,2009

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOEA

Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.

Schedule of Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenue and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	<u> </u>	Title III D Fund		AAA Fund	Ē _	Title III E Fund	4.	Audit	S	Senior Center	Senior Center Supplemental	। ਛਾ ਫ਼	Energy Fund		Z	NSIP	Ţ	Total
Support Intergovernmental Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs Nutrition Services Incentive Program	∞	4,028	59	25,475	€4	30,107	6 9	1,312	\$4	36,463	\$ 3,100	00	69		٠,	26,000	 €4	100,485 26,000
Public support Utility assistance In kind support		1,380		1,189		, ,				3.079		 	-	1,458				1,458 5,648
Total support	₩	5,408	••	26,664	Ç.	30,107	60	1,312	جه	39,542	\$ 3,100		1	458	69	26,000	~	133,591
Expenditures Health and Welfare and Social Services Salaries and benefits	69	4,667	₩.	19,545	(1	3.891	(/ 2		6/3	20,666	₩		ۥ9		€^	1	€	48.769
Travel	,	47		198		20	,		,	253	•				ı	,	,	518
Operating services		639		4,909		27,439		6,000		2,839	1			1,216				43,042
Operating supplies		107		823		68		,		476	ı			1				1 495
In kind operating services		1,380		1,189	-				-	3,079				j				5,648
Total expenditures	84	6,840	8	26,664	6-9	31,439	S	6,000	6-9	27,313	s			,216	649	·	64	99,472
Excess (deficiency) of support over expenditures	↔	(1,432)	↔	•	64 3	(1,332)	6	(4,688)	∽	12,229	\$ 3,100		€4	242	6-9	26.000	∽	34,119
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	÷	1,432	ક્વ	•	5/ 9	1,332	∽	4,688	6/9	ı	€⁄9		∽	,	6 -7	1	6-9	7,452
Transfers out		•				•				(12,229)	(3.100)	의 왕		j		(39,296)		(54,625)
Total other financing sources (uses)	م	1,432	٠.	-	64	1,332	ક્ત	4,688	_د م	(12,229)	\$ (3,100)	ı	69	į.	֥	(39,296)	6-5	(47,173)
Net change in fund balances	59	٠	54	ı	64	1	6/1	ı	6-9	,	s		55	242) \$	(13,296)	69	(13,054)
Fund balances at beginning of year		1						+			1	i		481		45,107		45,588
Fund balances at end of year	64		∽		60 3		69		⇔		· •		€	723	€9	31,811	69	32,534

Comparative Schedule of General Fixed Assets and Changes in General Fixed Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	eginning Balance	lno	crease	De	crease		Ending Balance
General Fixed Assets							
Buildings	\$ 1,956	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,956
Machinery and equipment	12,162		-		-		12,162
Vehicles	 32,147					- —	32,147
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 46,265	\$		\$		<u> </u>	46,265
Invested in General Fixed Assets							
Property acquired with funds from							
United Way	\$ 1,300	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,300
Senior Center	1,273		_		_		1,273
Title III C AAA	399		_		_		399
Title III B	537		-		-	•	537
Title III C-1	2,031		_		_		2,031
Title III C-2	75		-				75
Title III D	42		_				42
Title III E	17		_		_		17
Local Funds	 40,591				<u>-</u>		40,591
Total Invested in General Fixed Assets	\$ 46,265	\$			<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	46,265

OTHER REPORTS

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2009

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

There were no prior year audit findings reported as of June 30, 2008.

John A. Windham, CPA

A Professional Corporation

1620 North Pine Street DeRidder, LA 70634 Tel: (337) 462-3211 Fax: (337) 462-0640 John A. Windham, CPA

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Directors
Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.
DeRidder, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.'s, basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated November 6, 2009. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.'s, internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Beauregard Council on Aging Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Beauregard Council on Aging Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affect Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.'s ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.'s financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Beauregard Council on Aging Inc.'s internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc. Board of Directors Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Beauregard Council on Aging, Inc.'s, financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing opinions on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such opinions. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the organization, and the Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties, although under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

DeRidder, Louisiana November 6, 2009

John U. Windlam, CPB